## Survey of NH<sub>3</sub> Production in OptiMICE (OM) and double-size M.I.C.E. cages

- We notice a direct impact of room humidity (RH) on generation of NH3
  - In any conditions, ammonia levels are below the unacceptable 22-25 ppm
- We produce 200 BALB/c per rack per week. They have the reputation to cannibalize their first litter to delay their pups production accordingly. We fail to observe this counter-productive behavior.
- We produce 250 C57BL/6 per rack per week. They are well known to develop barbering and ulcerative dermatitis that slow pups production. Here again, we do not have these problems.
- We produce 45 Fisher rats per S4 rack per week. They are normally bred by pair and trio breeding has never been done. But using trio breeding scheme, we are able to almost double our expected pups production.

On-going bedding change occurs at

- every two weeks for breeders
- every three weeks for weanies





D8 for C57BL/6 and BALB/c weanies and Fischer breeders



C57BL/6 breeders





BALB/c breeders





Room Conditions: 22 °C, 67% RH, 0 ppm NH3



Top: 3-week old weanies cage Bottom: 2-week old weanies cage



Cage Conditions: 22 °C, 67 % RH, 5 ppm NH3
Trio + 8 pups (12 days old); Bedding change 14 days ago



Cage Conditions: 22 °C, 67 % RH, 19 ppm NH3 15 wearies (6 weeks old); Bedding change 20 days ago



Room Conditions: 19.5 °C, 29% RH, 0 ppm NH3



Cage Conditions: 19.5 °C, 29% RH, 18 ppm NH3 15 wearies (6 weeks old); Bedding change 19 days ago



Cage Conditions: 19.5 °C, 29 % RH, 0 ppm NH3
Trio + 12 pups (14 days old); Bedding change 14 days ago



Cage Conditions: 19.5 °C, 29 % RH, 17 ppm NH3 RAT Trio + 8 pups (14 days old); Bedding change 13 days ago

